### § 19.269

abatement, credit, and refund of tax, filed under the provisions of this part. (26 U.S.C. 5008)

RULES FOR PUERTO RICAN AND VIRGIN ISLANDS SPIRITS

### § 19.269 Puerto Rican and Virgin Islands spirits.

- (a) The provisions of 26 U.S.C. 5008, authorizing abatement, remission, credit, or refund for loss or destruction of distilled spirits, also apply to spirits brought into the United States from Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands with respect to the following:
  - (1) Spirits lost while in TTB bond;
- (2) Voluntary destruction of spirits in bond:
- (3) Spirits returned to bonded premises after withdrawal without payment of tax; and
- (4) Spirits returned to bonded premises after withdrawal upon tax determination.
- (b) In addition to the information required by §19.263, claims relating to spirits lost in bond must show the name of the producer and the serial number and date of the formula under which produced, if any.

(26 U.S.C. 5008, 5215)

### Subpart K—Gauging

### §19.281 Scope.

This subpart covers gauging, which is the determination of the quantity and the proof of distilled spirits. Topics covered in this subpart include: The general requirements for gauging; when gauges are required at distilled spirits plants; and special rules that apply to the gauges performed at distilled spirits plants. For additional requirements and procedures governing gauging, see part 30 of this chapter, Gauging Manual.

# § 19.282 General requirements for gauging and measuring equipment.

A proprietor is required to perform periodic gauges of the spirits, wines, and alcoholic flavorings at the plant. A proprietor must have accurate and readily usable gauging and measuring equipment as required by this part and part 30 of this chapter. At any time,

TTB may require that the proprietor's gauges be performed in the presence of, and be verified by, a TTB officer. In addition, TTB may disapprove the use of any equipment, or the proprietor's means of gauging, if TTB finds that it is not sufficiently accurate or suitable for the gauges and measurements to be made.

(26 U.S.C. 5006, 5204)

#### REQUIRED GAUGES

#### § 19.283 When gauges are required.

The proprietor must gauge spirits, wine, and alcoholic flavoring materials when required to do so by the appropriate TTB officer or when the spirits, wine, or flavoring materials are:

- (a) Produced and entered for deposit;
- (b) Filled into packages from storage tanks;
  - (c) Transferred or received in bond;
- (d) Transferred between operational accounts:
- (e) Mixed in the manufacture of a distilled spirits product;
  - (f) Mingled under §19.329;
  - (g) Reduced in proof before bottling;
  - (h) Voluntarily destroyed;
  - (i) Removed or withdrawn from bond;
  - (j) Tax determined;
  - (k) Returned to bond; or
  - (1) Denatured.

(26 U.S.C. 5204, 5559)

### RULES FOR GAUGING

## § 19.284 Quantity determination of bulk spirits.

- (a) Gauge of spirits in packages. When determining the quantity of bulk spirits in packages, the proprietor must determine the quantity by weight as provided in part 30 of this chapter.
- (b) Bulk gauge for tax determination. When determining the quantity of bulk spirits for determination of tax or when performing a production gauge that will be used for tax determination, the proprietor must determine the quantity by weight as provided in part 30 of this chapter or by an accurate mass flow meter. For tax determination purposes, an accurate mass flow meter is a mass flow meter that has been certified by the manufacturer or other qualified person as accurate